ORAL PRESENTATION





Hepatitis C virus fails to activate NF-kappaB signaling in plasmacytoid dendritic cells

Ruzena Stranska^{*}, Jonathan Florentin, Clélia Dental, Besma Aouar, Francoise Gondois-Rey, David Durantel, Thomas F Baumert, Jacques A Nunes, Daniel Olive, Ivan Hirsch

From 17th International Symposium on HIV and Emerging Infectious Diseases (ISHEID) Marseille, France. 23-25 May 2012

Introduction

Plasmacytoid dendritic cells (pDCs) respond to viral infection by production of interferon α (IFN- α), proinflammatory cytokines and cell differentiation. The elimination of hepatitis C virus (HCV) in more than 50% of chronically infected patients by treatment with IFN- α suggests that pDCs can play an important role in the control of HCV infection. pDCs exposed to HCV-infected hepatoma cells, in contrast to cell-free HCV virions, produce large amounts of IFN- α .

Materials and methods

To further investigate the molecular mechanism of HCV sensing, we studied whether exposure of pDCs to HCV-infected hepatoma cells activates in parallel to interferon regulatory factor 7 (IRF7)-mediated production of IFN- α also nuclear factor kappa B (NF- κ B)-dependent pDC responses such as expression of the differentiation markers CD40, CCR7, CD86, and tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-related apoptosis-inducing ligand (TRAIL), and secretion of the proinflammatory cytokines TNF- α and interleukin 6 (IL-6).

RESULTS

We demonstrate that exposure of pDCs to HCV-infected hepatoma cells surprisingly did not induce phosphorylation of NF- κ B or cell surface expression of CD40, CCR7, CD86, and TRAIL, or secretion of TNF- α and IL-6. In contrast, CpG-A and CpG-B induced production of TNF- α and IL-6 in pDCs exposed to the HCV-infected hepatoma cells, showing that cell-associated virus did not actively inhibit toll-like receptor (TLR)-mediated NF- κ B phosphorylation.

* Correspondence: ruzena.stranska@inserm.fr

Conclusions

Our results suggest that cell associated HCV signals in pDCs via endocytosis-dependent mechanism and IRF7 but not via NF- κ B pathway. In spite of IFN- α induction, cell-associated HCV does not induce a full functional response of pDCs. These findings contribute to the understanding of evasion of immune responses by HCV.

Published: 25 May 2012

doi:10.1186/1742-4690-9-S1-O5 Cite this article as: Stranska *et al.*: Hepatitis C virus fails to activate NFkappaB signaling in plasmacytoid dendritic cells. *Retrovirology* 2012 9 (Suppl 1):O5.

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Centre de Recherche en Cancérologie de Marseille, Marseille, France